

Drug Coverage Policy

Inflammatory Conditions – Skyrizi Intravenous Prior Authorization Policy

• Skyrizi[®] (risankizumab-rzaa intravenous infusion – Abbvie)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

The following Coverage Policy applies to health benefit plans administered by Cigna Companies. Certain Cigna Companies and/or lines of business only provide utilization review services to clients and do not make coverage determinations. References to standard benefit plan language and coverage determinations do not apply to those clients. Coverage Policies are intended to provide quidance in interpreting certain standard benefit plans administered by Cigna Companies. Please note, the terms of a customer's particular benefit plan document [Group Service Agreement, Evidence of Coverage, Certificate of Coverage, Summary Plan Description (SPD) or similar plan document] may differ significantly from the standard benefit plans upon which these Coverage Policies are based. For example, a customer's benefit plan document may contain a specific exclusion related to a topic addressed in a Coverage Policy. In the event of a conflict, a customer's benefit plan document always supersedes the information in the Coverage Policies. In the absence of a controlling federal or state coverage mandate, benefits are ultimately determined by the terms of the applicable benefit plan document. Coverage determinations in each specific instance require consideration of 1) the terms of the applicable benefit plan document in effect on the date of service; 2) any applicable laws/regulations; 3) any relevant collateral source materials including Coverage Policies and; 4) the specific facts of the particular situation. Each coverage request should be reviewed on its own merits. Medical directors are expected to exercise clinical judgment where appropriate and have discretion in making individual coverage determinations. Where coverage for care or services does not depend on specific circumstances, reimbursement will only be provided if a requested service(s) is submitted in accordance with the relevant criteria outlined in the applicable Coverage Policy, including covered diagnosis and/or procedure code(s). Reimbursement is not allowed for services when billed for conditions or diagnoses that are not covered under this Coverage Policy (see "Coding Information" below). When billing, providers must use the most appropriate codes as of the effective date of the submission. Claims submitted for services that are not accompanied by covered code(s) under the applicable Coverage Policy will be denied as not covered. Coverage Policies relate exclusively to the administration of health benefit plans. Coverage Policies are not recommendations for treatment and should never be used as treatment quidelines. In certain markets, delegated vendor quidelines may be used to support medical necessity and other coverage determinations.

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OVERVIEW

Skyrizi intravenous (IV), an interleukin (IL)-23 blocker, is indicated for:1

- Crohn's disease, in adults with moderate to severe active disease.
- **Ulcerative colitis**, in adults with moderate to severe active disease.

Dosing

Crohn's disease

In Crohn's disease, a three-dose induction regimen (600 mg at Weeks 0, 4, and 8) is administered by IV infusion.¹ Following induction therapy with the IV product, the recommended maintenance is Skyrizi subcutaneous injection, given as a 180 mg or 360 mg subcutaneous injection administered at Week 12 (4 weeks following the last induction dose), then once every 8 weeks thereafter.

Ulcerative colitis

In ulcerative colitis (UC), a three-dose induction regimen (1,200 mg at Weeks 0, 4, and 8) is administered by IV infusion.¹ Following induction therapy with the IV product, the recommended maintenance is Skyrizi subcutaneous injection, given as a 180 mg or 360 mg subcutaneous injection administered at Week 12 (4 weeks following the last induction dose), then once every 8 weeks thereafter.

Guidelines

The following guidelines address indications for which Skyrizi IV is indicated.

- **Crohn's Disease:** The American College of Gastroenterology (ACG) [2025] has guidelines for the management of Crohn's disease in adults.² In moderate to severe disease, systemic corticosteroids or advanced therapies may be utilized for induction of remission. Advanced therapies recommended include TNF inhibitors, Entyvio, IL-23 inhibitors, IL-12/23 inhibitors, and Rinvoq. If steroids are utilized for induction, efforts should be made to introduce steroid-sparing agents for maintenance therapy. Guidelines from the American Gastroenterological Association (2021) include various biologics among the therapies for moderate to severe Crohn's disease, for induction and maintenance of remission.³ Both guidelines also recommend that any drug that effectively treats induction should be continued for maintenance.
- **Ulcerative colitis:** The American Gastroenterological Association (AGA) [2024] and the ACG (2025) have clinical practice guidelines on the management of moderate to severe UC.^{4,5} In moderate to severe disease, systemic corticosteroids or advanced therapies may be utilized for induction of remission. Advanced therapies recommended include TNF inhibitors, Entyvio, IL-23 inhibitors, IL-12/23 inhibitors, S1P modulators, and JAK inhibitors. If steroids are utilized for induction, efforts should be made to introduce steroid-sparing agents for maintenance therapy. Both guidelines also recommend that any drug that effectively treats induction should be continued for maintenance.

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POLICY STATEMENT

Prior Authorization is required for benefit coverage of Skyrizi IV. Approval is recommended for those who meet the **Criteria** and **Dosing** for the listed indications. Extended approvals are allowed if the patient continues to meet the Criteria and Dosing. Requests for doses outside of the established dosing documented in this policy will be considered on a case-by-case basis by a clinician (i.e., Medical Director or Pharmacist). Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with Skyrizi IV as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, approval requires Skyrizi IV to be prescribed by or in

consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated. All approvals are provided for 3 months, which is an adequate duration for the patient to receive three doses.

Skyrizi intravenous is considered medically necessary when ONE of the following is met (1 or 2):

FDA-Approved Indications

- **1. Crohn's Disease**. Approve three doses for induction if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, C, and D):
 - **A)** Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - B) The medication will be used as induction therapy; AND
 - **C)** Patient meets ONE of the following (i, ii, iii, or iv):
 - **i.** Patient has tried or is currently taking a systemic corticosteroid, or a systemic corticosteroid is contraindicated in this patient; OR
 - ii. Patient has tried one other conventional systemic therapy for Crohn's disease; OR Note: Examples of conventional systemic therapy for Crohn's disease include azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, or methotrexate. An exception to the requirement for a trial of or contraindication to steroids or a trial of one other conventional systemic agent can be made if the patient has already tried at least one biologic other than the requested medication. A biosimilar of the requested biologic does not count. Refer to Appendix for examples of biologics used for Crohn's disease. A trial of mesalamine does not count as a systemic agent for Crohn's disease.
 - iii. Patient has enterocutaneous (perianal or abdominal) or rectovaginal fistulas; OR
 - iv. Patient had ileocolonic resection (to reduce the chance of Crohn's disease recurrence); AND
 - **D)** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist.

Dosing: Approve 600 mg as an intravenous infusion administered at Weeks 0, 4, and 8.

- **2. Ulcerative Colitis.** Approve three doses for induction if the patients meets ALL of the following (A, B, C, and D):
 - **A)** Patient is \geq 18 years of age; AND
 - **B)** The medication will be used as induction therapy; AND
 - **C)** Patient meets ONE of the following (i or ii):
 - i. Patient has tried one systemic therapy; OR Note: Examples include 6-mercaptopurine, azathioprine, cyclosporine, tacrolimus, or a corticosteroid such as prednisone or methylprednisolone. A trial of a mesalamine product does <u>not</u> count as a systemic therapy for ulcerative colitis. A trial of one biologic other than the requested medication also counts as a trial of one systemic agent for ulcerative colitis. A biosimilar of the requested biologic does not count. Refer to Appendix for examples of biologics used for ulcerative colitis.
 - **ii.** Patient meets BOTH of the following (a <u>and</u> b):
 - a) Patient has pouchitis; AND
 - **b)** Patient has tried an antibiotic, probiotic, corticosteroid enema, or mesalamine enema; AND
 - <u>Note</u>: Examples of antibiotics include metronidazole and ciprofloxacin. Examples of corticosteroid enemas include hydrocortisone enema.
 - **D)** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist.

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Dosing: Approve 1,200 mg as an intravenous infusion administered at Weeks 0, 4, and 8.

When coverage is available and medically necessary, the dosage, frequency, duration of therapy, and site of care should be reasonable, clinically appropriate, and supported by evidence-based literature and adjusted based upon severity, alternative available treatments, and previous response to therapy.

Receipt of sample product does not satisfy any criteria requirements for coverage.

Conditions Not Covered

Skyrizi intravenous for any other use is considered not medically necessary, including the following (this list may not be all inclusive; criteria will be updated as new published data are available):

1. Concurrent Use with a Biologic or with a Targeted Synthetic Oral Small Molecule Drug. This medication should not be administered in combination with another biologic or with a targeted synthetic oral small molecule drug used for an inflammatory condition (see Appendix for examples). Combination therapy is generally not recommended due to a potentially higher rate of adverse events and lack of controlled clinical data supporting additive efficacy.

<u>Note</u>: This does NOT exclude the use of conventional synthetic DMARDs (e.g., methotrexate, leflunomide, hydroxychloroquine, or sulfasalazine) in combination with this medication.

Coding Information

- 1) This list of codes may not be all-inclusive.
- 2) Deleted codes and codes which are not effective at the time the service is rendered may not be eligible for reimbursement.

Considered Medically Necessary when criteria in the applicable policy statements listed above are met:

HCPCS Codes	Description
J2327	Injection, risankizumab-rzaa, intravenous, 1 mg

References

- 1. Skyrizi® [prescribing information]. North Chicago, IL: AbbVie; May 2025.
- 2. Lichtenstein, G, Loftus E, Afzali A, et al. ACG Clinical Guideline: Management of Crohn's Disease in Adults. *Am J Gastroenterol.* 2025 June;120(6):1225-1264.
- 3. Feuerstein JD, Ho EY, Shmidt E, et al. AGA clinical practice guidelines on the medical management of moderate to severe luminal and perianal fistulizing Crohn's disease. *Gastroenterology*. 2021;160(7):2496-2508.
- 4. Singh S, Loftus EV Jr, Limketkai BN, et al. AGA Living Clinical Practice Guideline on Pharmacological Management of Moderate-to-Severe Ulcerative Colitis. *Gastroenterology*. 2024 Dec;167(7):1307-1343.
- 5. Rubin D, Ananthakrishnan A, Siegel C. ACG Clinical Guideline Update: Ulcerative Colitis in Adults. *Am J of Gastroenterol.* 2025 June;120(6):1187-1224.

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Revision Details

Type of Revision	Summary of Changes	Date
New	New policy	11/01/2024
Annual Revision	No criteria changes.	08/01/2025

The policy effective date is in force until updated or retired.

APPENDIX

FLNDIA	Mechanism of Action	Examples of Indications*
Biologics	11001101110111011	
Adalimumab SC Products (Humira®, biosimilars)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, CD, JIA, PsO, PsA, RA, UC
Cimzia® (certolizumab pegol SC injection)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, CD, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA, RA
Etanercept SC Products (Enbrel®, biosimilars)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, JIA, PsO, PsA, RA
Infliximab IV Products (Remicade [®] , biosimilars)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, CD, PsO, PsA, RA, UC
Zymfentra ® (infliximab-dyyb SC injection)	Inhibition of TNF	CD, UC
Simponi®, Simponi Aria® (golimumab SC injection, golimumab IV infusion)	Inhibition of TNF	SC formulation: AS, PsA, RA, UC
		IV formulation: AS, PJIA, PsA, RA
Tocilizumab Products (Actemra® IV, biosimilar; Actemra SC, biosimilar)	Inhibition of IL-6	SC formulation: PJIA, RA, SJIA IV formulation: PJIA, RA,
		SJIA
Kevzara® (sarilumab SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-6	RA
Orencia® (abatacept IV infusion,	T-cell costimulation	SC formulation: JIA, PSA, RA
abatacept SC injection)	modulator	IV formulation: JIA, PsA, RA
Rituximab IV Products (Rituxan®, biosimilars)	CD20-directed cytolytic antibody	RA
Kineret® (anakinra SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-1	JIA^, RA
Omvoh ® (mirikizumab IV infusion, SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-23	CD, UC
Ustekinumab Products (Stelara® IV, biosimilar; Stelara SC, biosimilar)	Inhibition of IL-12/23	SC formulation: CD, PsO, PsA, UC
		IV formulation: CD, UC
Siliq® (brodalumab SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-17	PsO
Cosentyx [®] (secukinumab SC injection; secukinumab IV infusion)	Inhibition of IL-17A	SC formulation: AS, ERA, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA
		IV formulation: AS, nr-axSpA, PsA
Taltz® (ixekizumab SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-17A	AS, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA
Bimzelx ® (bimekizumab-bkzx SC injection)	Inhibition of IL- 17A/17F	PsO, AS, nr-axSpA, PsA
Ilumya® (tildrakizumab-asmn SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-23	PsO
Skyrizi ® (risankizumab-rzaa SC injection, risankizumab-rzaa IV infusion)	Inhibition of IL-23	SC formulation: CD, PSA, PsO, UC

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		IV formulation: CD, UC
Tremfya® (guselkumab SC injection,	Inhibition of IL-23	SC formulation: CD, PsA,
guselkumab IV infusion)		PsO, UC
		IV formulation: CD, UC
Entyvio® (vedolizumab IV infusion,	Integrin receptor	CD, UC
vedolizumab SC injection)	antagonist	
Oral Therapies/Targeted Synthetic Or	<u>al Small Molecule Drug</u>	gs
Otezla® (apremilast tablets)	Inhibition of PDE4	PsO, PsA
Cibinqo [™] (abrocitinib tablets)	Inhibition of JAK	AD
	pathways	
Olumiant® (baricitinib tablets)	Inhibition of JAK	RA, AA
	pathways	
Litfulo [®] (ritlecitinib capsules)	Inhibition of JAK	AA
	pathways	
Leqselvi ® (deuruxolitinib tablets)	Inhibition of JAK	AA
	pathways	
Rinvoq ® (upadacitinib extended-release	Inhibition of JAK	AD, AS, nr-axSpA, RA, PsA,
tablets)	pathways	CD, UC
Rinvoq® LQ (upadacitinib oral solution)	Inhibition of JAK	PsA, PJIA
	pathways	
Sotyktu® (deucravacitinib tablets)	Inhibition of TYK2	PsO
Xeljanz® (tofacitinib tablets/oral	Inhibition of JAK	RA, PJIA, PsA, UC
solution)	pathways	
Xeljanz® XR (tofacitinib extended-	Inhibition of JAK	RA, PsA, UC
release tablets)	pathways	
Zeposia ® (ozanimod tablets)	Sphingosine 1	UC
	phosphate receptor	
	modulator	
Velsipity ® (etrasimod tablets)	Sphingosine 1	UC
	phosphate receptor	
	modulator	

^{*} Not an all-inclusive list of indications. Refer to the prescribing information for the respective agent for FDA-approved indications; SC – Subcutaneous; TNF – Tumor necrosis factor; AS – Ankylosing spondylitis; CD – Crohn's disease; JIA – Juvenile idiopathic arthritis; PsO – Plaque psoriasis; PsA – Psoriatic arthritis; RA – Rheumatoid arthritis; UC – Ulcerative colitis; nr-axSpA – Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis; IV – Intravenous, PJIA – Polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis; IL – Interleukin; SJIA – Systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; ^ Off-label use of Kineret in JIA supported in guidelines; ERA – Enthesitis-related arthritis; DMARD – Disease-modifying antirheumatic drug; PDE4 – Phosphodiesterase 4; JAK – Janus kinase; AD – Atopic dermatitis; AA – Alopecia areata; TYK2 – Tyrosine kinase 2.

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