



PRIOR AUTHORIZATION POLICY

POLICY: Oncology – Jakafi Prior Authorization Policy

- Jakafi® (ruxolitinib tablets – Incyte)

REVIEW DATE: 02/19/2025

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

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CIGNA NATIONAL FORMULARY COVERAGE:

OVERVIEW

Jakafi, an inhibitor of Janus Associated Kinases (JAKs) *JAK1* and *JAK2*, is indicated for the following uses:¹

- **Graft-versus-host disease**, acute treatment of steroid-refractory disease, in patients ≥ 12 years of age.
- **Graft-versus-host disease**, chronic treatment, after failure of one or two lines of systemic therapy in patients ≥ 12 years of age.
- **Myelofibrosis**, intermediate or high risk, including primary myelofibrosis, post-polycythemia vera myelofibrosis, and post-essential thrombocythemia myelofibrosis in adults.
- **Polycythemia vera**, in adults who have had an inadequate response to or are intolerant of hydroxyurea.

Guidelines

Jakafi is discussed in guidelines from the National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN):²

- **Graft-Versus-Host Disease:** NCCN guidelines for hematopoietic cell transplantation discuss graft-versus-host disease (version 2.2024 – August 30, 2024) and include Jakafi.³ Jakafi is recommended as additional therapy in conjunction with systemic corticosteroids for adults and pediatric patients ≥ 12 years old with steroid-refractory acute graft-versus-host disease, or chronic graft-

versus-host disease, after failure of one or two lines of systemic therapy (both category 1).

- **Myelodysplastic Syndromes:** NCCN guidelines (version 2.2025 – January 17, 2025) recommend Jakafi for patients with chronic myelomonocytic leukemia-2, with hypomethylating agents (HMA) and/or allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant for symptom management or splenomegaly (category 2A).⁴ Jakafi ± HMA is also recommended for myelodysplastic syndrome/myeloproliferative neoplasm with neutrophilia (atypical chronic myeloid leukemia); there is a footnote, which states that rare patients with *CSF3R* or *JAK2* mutations may respond to Jakafi due to their JAK-STAT pathway activation (category 2A).
- **Myeloid/Lymphoid Neoplasms with Eosinophilia and Tyrosine Kinase Gene Fusions:** NCCN guidelines (version 2.2024 – June 19, 2024) recommend Jakafi for treatment of myeloid/lymphoid neoplasms with eosinophilia and *JAK2* rearrangement in chronic or blast phase (category 2A).⁵ The guidelines also recommend Jakafi for treatment in combination with acute lymphocytic leukemia or acute myeloid leukemia type induction chemotherapy followed by allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplantation (if eligible) for lymphoid, myeloid, or mixed phenotype neoplasms with eosinophilia and *JAK2* rearrangement in blast phase (category 2A).
- **Myeloproliferative Neoplasms:** NCCN guidelines (version 2.2024 – August 8, 2024) recommend Jakafi among patients with lower- or higher-risk myelofibrosis (category 2A; category 1 for the initial treatment of higher-risk myelofibrosis).⁶ It is also recommended as “other recommended regimens” for the management of myelofibrosis associated anemia with the presence of symptomatic splenomegaly and/or constitutional symptoms in combination with other medications (category 2A). It is also recommended as “useful in certain circumstances” for high-risk polycythemia vera as initial treatment (category 2A) and as “preferred regimen” for patients with hydroxyurea resistance or intolerance (category 1). There is a footnote that states Jakafi may have activity after inadequate response or loss of response to other agents besides hydroxyurea. The guidelines also recommend Jakafi for treatment of essential thrombocythemia for inadequate response or loss of response to hydroxyurea, Pegasys® (peginterferon alfa-2a subcutaneous injection), or anagrelide as “useful in certain circumstances” (category 2A). JAK inhibitors are also recommended for accelerated or blast phase myeloproliferative neoplasms for the palliation of splenomegaly or other disease-related symptoms (category 2A). Some examples of disease-related symptoms of myeloproliferative neoplasms include fatigue, fever, night sweats, weight loss, abdominal discomfort, splenomegaly, thrombocytosis, or leukocytosis.
- **Pediatric Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia:** NCCN guidelines (version 2.2025 – December 16, 2024) recommend Jakafi in a variety of regimens for pediatric patients and young adults with acute lymphoblastic leukemia (category 2A).⁷ The utility of Jakafi is described primarily in patients in which the mutation/pathway is JAK-related.
- **T-Cell Lymphoma:** NCCN guidelines (version 2.2024 – March 14, 2024) recommend Jakafi as a single-agent for symptomatic disease as second-line or subsequent therapy for T-cell prolymphocytic leukemia as “other recommended regimen” (category 2A) and T-cell large granular lymphocytic leukemia (category 2A).⁸ Jakafi is also recommended as “other recommended regimens” for peripheral T-cell lymphomas as initial therapy and second-line and subsequent therapy (category 2B), for breast implant-associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma as second-line and subsequent therapy for relapsed/refractory disease (category 2B), and for hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma for refractory disease after two first-line therapy regimens (category 2B).

POLICY STATEMENT

Prior Authorization is recommended for prescription benefit coverage of Jakafi. All approvals are provided for the duration noted below.

- **Jakafi® (ruxolitinib tablets (Incyte))**

is(are) covered as medically necessary when the following criteria is(are) met for FDA-approved indication(s) or other uses with supportive evidence (if applicable):

FDA-Approved Indications

- 1. Graft-Versus-Host Disease, Acute.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets BOTH of the following (A and B):
A) Patient is ≥ 12 years of age; AND
B) Patient has tried one systemic corticosteroid.
- 2. Graft-Versus-Host Disease, Chronic.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets BOTH of the following (A and B):
A) Patient is ≥ 12 years of age; AND
B) Patient has tried one conventional systemic treatment for graft-versus-host disease.
Note: Examples include systemic corticosteroids (methylprednisolone, prednisone), cyclosporine, tacrolimus, mycophenolate mofetil, Imbruvica (ibrutinib capsules, tablets, and oral solution), Rezurock (belumosudil tablet), Niktimvo (axatilimab-csfr intravenous infusion), pentostatin, rituximab, Orencia (abatacept intravenous infusion), hydroxychloroquine, and imatinib.
- 3. Myelofibrosis (MF), including Primary MF, Post-Polycythemia Vera MF, and Post-Essential Thrombocythemia MF.** Approve for 1 year if the patient is ≥ 18 years of age.
- 4. Polycythemia Vera.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets BOTH of the following (A and B):
A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
B) Patient has tried hydroxyurea, Pegasys (peginterferon alfa-2a subcutaneous injection), or Besremi (ropeginterferon alfa-2b-njft subcutaneous injection).

Other Uses with Supportive Evidence

- 5. Accelerated or Blast Phase Myeloproliferative Neoplasm.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets BOTH of the following (A and B):
A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
B) Patient has at least one disease-related symptom.

Note: Examples of disease-related symptoms include: fatigue, fever, night sweats, weight loss, abdominal discomfort, splenomegaly, thrombocytosis, or leukocytosis.

6. **Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets BOTH of the following (A and B):
 - A) Patient is < 21 years of age; AND
 - B) The mutation/pathway is Janus Associated Kinase (JAK)-related.
7. **Atypical Chronic Myeloid Leukemia.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets ONE of following (A or B):

Note: This includes a patient who has myelodysplastic syndrome/myeloproliferative neoplasm with neutrophilia.

 - A) Patient has a *CSF3R* mutation; OR
 - B) Patient has a Janus Associated Kinase 2 (*JAK2*) mutation.
8. **Chronic Myelomonocytic Leukemia-2.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets BOTH of the following (A and B):
 - A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - B) Patient is also receiving a hypomethylating agent.

Note: Examples of hypomethylating agents include azacitidine and decitabine.
9. **Essential Thrombocythemia.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets BOTH of the following (A and B):
 - A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - B) Patient has tried hydroxyurea, Pegasys (peginterferon alfa-2a subcutaneous injection), or anagrelide.
10. **Myeloid or Lymphoid Neoplasms.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, and C):
 - A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - B) Patient has eosinophilia; AND
 - C) The tumor has a Janus Associated Kinase 2 (*JAK2*) rearrangement.
11. **T-Cell Lymphoma.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets BOTH of the following (A and B):
 - A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - B) Patient meets ONE of the following (i or ii):
 - i. Patient has peripheral T-cell lymphoma; OR
 - ii. Patient meets BOTH of the following: (a and b):
 - a) Patient has ONE of the following [(1), (2), or (3)]:
 - (1) T-cell prolymphocytic leukemia; OR
 - (2) T-cell large granular lymphocytic leukemia; OR
 - (3) Hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma; OR
 - (4) Breast implant-associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma; AND
 - b) Patient has tried at least one systemic regimen.

Note: Examples of a systemic regimen include one or more of the following products: methotrexate, corticosteroids, cyclosporine, Lemtrada (alemtuzumab intravenous infusion), fludarabine, mitoxantrone, or cyclophosphamide.

CONDITIONS NOT COVERED

- **Jakafi® (ruxolitinib tablets (Incyte))**

is(are) considered experimental, investigational, or unproven for ANY other use(s).

REFERENCES

1. Jakafi® tablets [prescribing information]. Wilmington, DE: Incyte; January 2023.
2. The NCCN Drugs and Biologics Compendium. © 2025 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed February 17, 2025. Search term: ruxolitinib.
3. The NCCN Hematopoietic Cell Transplantation Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 2.2024 – August 30, 2024). © 2024 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on February 7, 2025.
4. The NCCN Myelodysplastic Syndromes Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 2.2025 – January 17, 2025). © 2025 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on February 17, 2025.
5. The NCCN Myeloid/Lymphoid Neoplasms with Eosinophilia and Tyrosine Kinase Gene Fusions Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 2.2024 – June 19, 2024). © 2024 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed February 7, 2025.
6. The NCCN Myeloproliferative Neoplasms Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 2.2024 – August 8, 2024). © 2024 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on February 7, 2025.
7. The NCCN Pediatric Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 2.2025 – December 16, 2024). © 2024 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on February 17, 2025.
8. The NCCN T-Cell Lymphoma Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2025 – November 11, 2024). © 2024 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on February 17, 2025.

HISTORY

Type of Revision	Summary of Changes	Review Date
Annual Revision	Polycythemia Vera: Pegasys (peginterferon alfa-2a subcutaneous injection) was added to the list of agents that patient has tried; previously it was just a trial of hydroxyurea.	03/22/2023
Annual Revision	Polycythemia Vera: Besremi (ropeginterferon alfa-2b-njft subcutaneous injection) was added to the list of medications that the patient has tried. Previously, it was just a trial of hydroxyurea or Pegasys (peginterferon alfa-2a subcutaneous injection). T-Cell Lymphoma: Condition of approval and criteria were added to Other Uses with Supportive Evidence.	03/20/2024
Annual Revision	Accelerated or Blast Phase Myeloproliferative Neoplasm: Condition of approval and criteria were added to "Other Uses with Supportive Evidence." Atypical Chronic Myeloid Leukemia: A note was added which states this includes a patient who has myelodysplastic syndrome/myeloproliferative neoplasm with neutrophilia. T-Cell Lymphoma: The following qualifier that patient has peripheral T-cell lymphoma was added. The following qualifiers that patient has hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma or breast implant-associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma were added. The requirement that the patient has tried at least one systemic regimen was changed to only apply if the patient has T-cell prolymphocytic leukemia, T-cell large granular lymphocytic leukemia, hepatosplenic T-cell	02/19/2025

	lymphoma, or breast implant-associated anaplastic large cell lymphoma.	
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